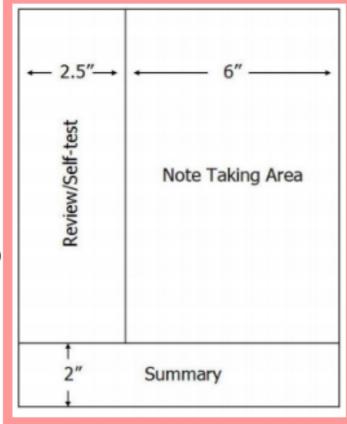
Note Taking Examples

- Cornell Notes
- Graphic Organizers
- Two and Three Column Notes
- Guided Notes
- Interactive Notebooks





Step 1: Record Notes

Write notes in large right column

Step 2: Create Self-test

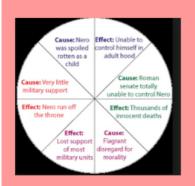
 Review notes 1-2 days after lesson. Write key words/phrases from notes and questions you think will be on the test in this area as well.

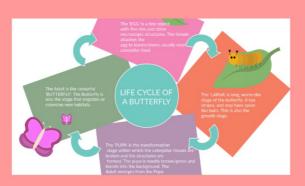
Step 3: Summarize Notes

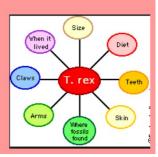
 Write summary of lesson in this area. Include diagrams, equations, etc. What is a graphic organizer? A graphic organizer is a visual display or chart that shows the relationship between ideas, facts, and information.

Reasons for using graphic organizers:

- To organize critical and creative thinking
- Organize information
- Help understand information and relationships
- Depict knowledge and understanding
- Assist with self learning







2-Column Notes (or T-notes)

2-column notes, or T-notes, provide a developmentally easier format for introducing students to note-taking.

COLUMN ONE	COLUMNTWO	
Main Idea	Notes '	
Vocabulary		
Key Words		

Left-hand Corner	Name, date, subject
Write study questions/main ideas here	Consider the right-hand column the place for detailed information Use abbreviations Summarize in your own words Use symbols, color coding or highlighter to indicate important information, ideas/words that are unclear, relationships between ideas/information Include graphics Skip lines between ideas

3-Column Notes

3-column notes provide an additional column for questions, diagrams, native language clues, math answers, etc. This format works especially well with vocabulary, math, and important events.

COLUMN ONE OPTIONS	COLUMN TWO OPTIONS	COLUMN THREE OPTIONS	
Vocabulary	Notes	Visual Representation	
Word Problem	Work	Answers	
Dates/Concepts	Notes	Significance of Information	
Key concepts/Main Ideas	Notes	Questions	

Left-hand Corner	Middle	Right-hand Corner
Write study questions/main ideas and major topics here	 Consider the middle column the place for detailed information Use abbreviations Summarize in your own words Use symbols, color coding or highlighter to indicate important information, ideas/words that are unclear, relationships between ideas/information Include graphics Skip lines between ideas 	 Questions Diagrams Math Answers Native Language Cues

A guided system of learning within lecture

Guided Notes are teacher-prepared hand-outs that outline or map lectures, but leave "blank" space for key concepts, facts, definitions, etc.

As the lecture progresses, the learner then fills in the spaces with content.

Guided notes help learners

- · follow a lecture
- · identify its important points
- distinguish between main and secondary points, examples and digressions
- develop a foundation of content to study and to apply

You can create leveled guided notes:

- Full Notes full version of noes
- Highly Supported strategically replace key words with blanks. This provides a high level of scaffolding.
- Moderately Supported Strategically replace more key words and phrases with blanks.
- Outlines Notes Eliminate most of notes so students have a note taking outline

Interactive Notebooks

- Help students organize and synthesize information with creative, interactive, and easily personalized activities.
- Teachers guide students
- Notes include drawings, diagrams, and 3-D elements
- Helps students become active, engaged, learners
- Allows teachers to differentiate learning
- Can use spiral notebooks/composition notebooks

